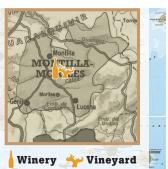


JORGE ORDÓÑEZ SELECTIONS

D.O. MONTILLA-MORILES







History

Founded in 1729, Bodegas Alvear is one the most prestigious and oldest family run wineries in the world. It is the second oldest winery in Spain and the oldest in Andalucía. Focused on producing the finest wines in Andalucía from the Pedro Ximénez variety, the current 8th generation of the family upholds the tradition established by Diego de Alvear y Escalera several centuries ago. Although the variety Pedro Ximénez is commonly understood as the sweet wine from Jeréz (sherry), it is actually its own variety – believed to have been brought to Spain by a soldier of the Spanish tercios by the same name after his tour in the 16th century Eighty Years' War. The vast majority of Pedro Ximénez plantings are located in D.O. Montilla-Moriles, a high altitude rolling terrain surrounding the city of Cordoba.

Vineyard

Bodegas Alvear sources all of the fruit for their vinos generosos (generous wines) from estate grown owned vineyards of Pedro Ximénez planted in the highest altitude subzones of D.O. Montilla-Moriles. Although not as well known in the American market as Jeréz (due to the fact that sherry has been a common export product for Anglo-Saxon countries for centuries) Montilla-Moriles has undoubtedly a superior terroir to its southern cousin. In Montilla, the same Albariza soils that Jerez is famous for dominate, and the baked chalky soil provides a fresh minerality to the Pedro Ximénez that phenomenally balances the variety's typical rusticity. On top of that, many of Alvear's best vineyards are located at over 600M above sea level, providing a terrific balance of ripeness and acidity that result in world class wines.

Winemaking

Alvear's biggest asset due to the use of Pedro Ximénez is that the grape can naturally reach 15-16% alcohol by volume on the vine – levels that Palomino could never reach. The result is that Alvear never fortifies their Finos, Amontillados, or Olorosos (or Palo Cortados for that matter) and they only use fortification to halt the fermentation in their sweet wine. This is crucial, as the vast majority of the distilled alcohol used for fortification in modern Spain is very low quality bulk distillate produced in La Mancha. Criadera A is the result of a very old Fino which has begun the oxidative ageing on the way to an Amontillado, with an average age superior to 12 years. Curiously, this is a wine that has begun the oxidative ageing for an Amontillado but with a flor that remains alive and in suspension. The result is a completely unique wine. Only 1060 bottles produced in this first and limited release.





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Guía Peñín 2018

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